Chemwatch Material Safety Data Sheet (REVIEW)

Issue Date: 22-Sep-2011

X9317SP

**Hazard Alert Code: LOW** 

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# Section 1 - CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

#### PRODUCT NAME

Neutrog GOGO Juice

### **PRODUCT USE**

A Probiotic liquid for soils and plants.

Should be used diluted 10ml (one capful) for 5L of water.

### **SUPPLIER**

Company: Neutrog Australia Pty Ltd

Address: 288 Mines Road Kanmantoo SA, 5252 Australia

Telephone: +61 8 8538 5077 Emergency Tel:+61 8 8538 5077

Emergency Tel:0409728738, 131126 (AH)

Fax: +61 8 8538 5094

# **Section 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

# STATEMENT OF HAZARDOUS NATURE

NON-HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS. According to NOHSC Criteria, and ADG Code.

## **CHEMWATCH HAZARD RATINGS**



RISK

•None under normal operating conditions.

SAFETY

•None under normal operating conditions.

# Section 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

NAME CAS RN % contains seaweed and kelp extracts Not

contains seaweed and kelp extracts

Contains bateria beneficial to soil and plant health

Not Spec

Not Spec

# **Section 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES**

# **SWALLOWED**

- Immediately give a glass of water.
- First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

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#### EYE

- If this product comes in contact with the eyes:
- · Wash out immediately with fresh running water.
- Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.
- Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention.
- · Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.

#### SKIN

- If skin contact occurs:
- Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear.
- · Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).
- · Seek medical attention in event of irritation.

#### INHAL FD

- If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.
- · Other measures are usually unnecessary.

### NOTES TO PHYSICIAN

■ Treat symptomatically.

# Section 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

#### **EXTINGUISHING MEDIA**

- There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.
- · Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area.

#### **FIRE FIGHTING**

- · Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
- · Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves for fire only.
- Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses.
- Use fire fighting procedures suitable for surrounding area.

# FIRE/EXPLOSION HAZARD

- Non combustible
- Not considered a significant fire risk, however containers may burn.

May emit corrosive fumes.

# FIRE INCOMPATIBILITY

■ None known.

#### **HAZCHEM**

None

# Section 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### MINOR SPILLS

- · Clean up all spills immediately.
- · Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes.
- Control personal contact by using protective equipment.
- · Contain and absorb spill with sand, earth, inert material or vermiculite.

#### **MAJOR SPILLS**

- Moderate hazard.
- Clear area of personnel and move upwind.
- Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
- Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.
- Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the MSDS.

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## Section 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

### PROCEDURE FOR HANDLING

- · Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.
- Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.
- · Use in a well-ventilated area.
- · Avoid contact with moisture.
- DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin.

#### SUITABLE CONTAINER

- Polyethylene or polypropylene container.
- · Packing as recommended by manufacturer.
- Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.

#### STORAGE INCOMPATIBILITY

■ None known.

### STORAGE REQUIREMENTS

- · Store in original containers.
- · Keep containers securely sealed.
- · Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.
- Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.

# Section 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **EXPOSURE CONTROLS**

# PERSONAL PROTECTION





#### EYE

- · Safety glasses with side shields
- · Chemical goggles.
- Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lens or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience. Medical and first-aid personnel should be trained in their removal and suitable equipment should be readily available. In the event of chemical exposure, begin eye irrigation immediately and remove contact lens as soon as practicable. Lens should be removed at the first signs of eye redness or irritation lens should be removed in a clean environment only after workers have washed hands thoroughly. [CDC NIOSH Current Intelligence Bulletin 59], [AS/NZS 1336 or national equivalent].

### HANDS/FEET

- Wear chemical protective gloves, eg. PVC.
- Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, eg. Rubber.

Suitability and durability of glove type is dependent on usage. Important factors in the selection of gloves include:

- frequency and duration of contact,
- · chemical resistance of glove material,
- · glove thickness and
- dexterity.

# OTHER

- No special equipment needed when handling small quantities.
- OTHERWISE:
- Overalls.
- · Barrier cream.
- · Eyewash unit.

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Not Applicable

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### **ENGINEERING CONTROLS**

■ Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection.

The basic types of engineering controls are:

Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk.

Liquid

Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard "physically" away from the worker and ventilation that strategically "adds" and "removes" air in the work environment.

# Section 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### **APPEARANCE**

Dark brown liquid with an earthy odour; mixes with water.

#### PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

Liquid.

State

Mixes with water.

Melting Range (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity	Not Available	
Boiling Range (°C)	100 approx.	Solubility in water (g/L)	Miscible	
Flash Point (°C)	Not Applicable	pH (1% solution)	Not Available	
Decomposition Temp (°C)	Not Available	pH (as supplied)	6.0	
Autoignition Temp (°C)	Not Applicable	Vapour Pressure (kPa)	Not Available	
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Applicable	Specific Gravity (water=1)	Not Available	
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Applicable	Relative Vapour Density	Not Available	
		(=:=-4)		

Molecular Weight

Volatile Component (%vol) Not Available Evaporation Rate Not Available

# Section 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

# CONDITIONS CONTRIBUTING TO INSTABILITY

- Presence of incompatible materials.
- · Product is considered stable.
- Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

For incompatible materials - refer to Section 7 - Handling and Storage.

## Section 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

### **ACUTE HEALTH EFFECTS**

#### **SWALLOWED**

■ Although ingestion is not thought to produce harmful effects (as classified under EC Directives), the material may still be damaging to the health of the individual, following ingestion, especially where pre-existing organ (e.g. liver, kidney) damage is evident. Present definitions of harmful or toxic substances are generally based on doses producing mortality rather than those producing morbidity (disease, ill-health). Gastrointestinal tract discomfort may produce nausea and vomiting. In an occupational setting however, ingestion of insignificant quantities is not thought to be cause for concern.

#### EYE

■ Although the material is not thought to be an irritant (as classified by EC Directives), direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort characterised by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn).

#### SKIN

■ The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or skin irritation following contact (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable gloves be used in an occupational setting.

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#### **INHALED**

■ The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting.

### **CHRONIC HEALTH EFFECTS**

■ Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects adverse to the health (as classified by EC Directives using animal models); nevertheless exposure by all routes should be minimised as a matter of course.

### TOXICITY AND IRRITATION

■ Not available. Refer to individual constituents.

		<b>INFORMA</b>	

No data

**Ecotoxicity** 

Ingredient

Neutrog GOGO Juice

Persistence:

Water/Soil

No Data

Available

No Data Available

Persistence: Air

Bioaccumulation

Mobility

# Section 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

- Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory. Each user must refer to laws operating in their area.
- A Hierarchy of Controls seems to be common the user should investigate:
- · Reduction.
- DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains.
- It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal.
- In all cases disposal to sewer may be subject to local laws and regulations and these should be considered first.
- · Where in doubt contact the responsible authority.
- · Recycle wherever possible.
- · Consult manufacturer for recycling options or consult local or regional waste management authority for disposal if no suitable treatment or disposal facility can be identified.
- · Dispose of by: burial in a land-fill specifically licenced to accept chemical and / or pharmaceutical wastes or incineration in a licenced apparatus (after admixture with suitable combustible material).
- Decontaminate empty containers. Observe all label safeguards until containers are cleaned and destroyed.

# Section 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

HAZCHEM:

None (ADG7)

NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS: UN, IATA, IMDG

## Section 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

POISONS SCHEDULE None

REGULATIONS

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No data for Neutrog GOGO Juice (CW: 24-9477)

## **Section 16 - OTHER INFORMATION**

- Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references. A list of reference resources used to assist the committee may be found at: www.chemwatch.net/references.
- The (M)SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings.

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This is the end of the MSDS.