SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision 6 December 2018

Version 1.03

Section 1. Identification

Product code	481606/2L	
Product identifier	JOHNSTONES PROFESSIONAL TIMBER FURNITURE OIL	TEAK
Recommended use and restr	ons	
Use of the substance/ mixture	Coating.	
Uses advised against	Not applicable.	
Supplier's details	PPG Architectural Coatings 9 Birmingham Ave Villawood, NSW 2163 Australia Tel: +61 2 9794 1200 Fax: + 61 2 9794 1237	
Emergency telephone number	Australia 1800 883 254 / New Zealand 0800 000 096	

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

substance or mixture	
GHS label elements	
Signal word	: No signal word.
Hazard statements	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Not applicable.
Response	: Not applicable.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: Not applicable.
Supplemental label elements	: Not applicable.

: Not classified.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Contains isothiazolinones. May cause allergic reaction.

Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Classification of the

CAS number/other identifiers		
CAS number	:	Not applicable.
EC number	:	Mixture.



Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Ingredient name	CAS number	% (w/w)
	34590-94-8 57-55-6	1 - <10 1 - <10

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment or have an OEL and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Descri	ption	of	necessary	<u> first</u>	aid	measures
	-					

Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Potential acute health effe	ects			
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.			
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
<u>Over-exposure signs/sym</u>	<u>ptoms</u>			
Eye contact	: No specific data.			
Inhalation	: No specific data.			
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking			
Ingestion	: No specific data.			
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary				
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.			
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.			
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.			

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Version 1.03

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	 Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Hazchem code	: Not applicable.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures				
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.			
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".			
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).			
Methods and material for con	tainment and cleaning up			
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.			
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for			

emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Product code 481606/2L

Date of issue 6 December 2018 Version 1.03

Product name JOHNSTONES PROFESSIONAL TIMBER FURNITURE OIL TEAK

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling		
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	•	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Do not store below the following temperature: 5°C (41°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

2-methoxymethylethoxy)pr	ropanol Safe Work Australia (Austr Absorbed through skin. TWA: 308 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.	alia, 4/2018).
propane-1,2-diol	Safe Work Australia (Austr TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Fo TWA: 474 mg/m³ 8 hours. I and particulates TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. Fo particulates	orm: Particulate Form: Vapor
Appropriate engineering controls	: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker expo contaminants.	sure to airborne
For products that are sprayed NZS 4114.	d, where practicable use a spray booth designed and maintained in accord	dance with AS/
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be ch they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legis cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the pr equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable leve	lation. In some
Individual protection measu	<u>ures</u>	
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the workin Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contain Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash safety showers are close to the workstation location.	g period. minated clothing.
	Australia GHS	Page: 4/11

Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Eve/face protection	
Eye/face protection : Safety glasses with side shields.	
Skin protection	
 Hand protection Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard show be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicat this is necessary. 	
Gloves : For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:	
Recommended: butyl rubber, nitrile rubber	
Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	
Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	;
Respiratory protection : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates thi necessary.	
Restrictions on use : Not applicable.	

References: Eye protectors should conform to AS/NZS 1336 and AS/NZS 1337. Chemical-resistant gloves should conform to AS/NZS 2161.1. Respiratory protection should conform to AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716. Occupational footwear should conform to AS/NZS 2210.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

		Australia GHS	Page: 5
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.	
octanol/water	1		
Partition coefficient: n-		Not available.	
Solubility		Partially soluble in the following materials: cold water.	
Bulk Density (g/cm ³)		1.29	
Vapour density Relative density		1.29	
Vapour pressure	-	Not available.	
(flammable) limits		Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive	÷	Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)		Not available.	
Evaporation rate		Not available.	
Flash point		Closed cup: 95°C (203°F) [Product does not sustain combustion.]	
Boiling point		100°C (212°F)	
Melting point		Not available.	
рН		8	
Odour threshold	4	Not available.	
Odour		Not available.	
Colour	4	Not available.	
Physical state	4	Liquid.	
Appearance			

Australia GHS Page: 5/11

Product code 481606/2L

Product name JOHNSTONES PROFESSIONAL TIMBER FURNITURE OIL TEAK

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Viscosity : Not Applicable

Section 10. Stability and reactivity		
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.	
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	
Conditions to avoid	: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7). When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.	
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.	
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides	

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-methoxymethylethoxy)	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	500 ppm	4 hours
F - F	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	9.5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.23 g/kg	-
propane-1,2-diol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	20 g/kg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data availabl	e on the mixture i	tself.	
Irritation/Corrosion				
Not available.				
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	: There are no data availabl	e on the mixture i	tself.	
Eyes	: There are no data availabl	e on the mixture i	tself.	
Respiratory	: There are no data availabl	e on the mixture i	tself.	
Sensitisation				
Not available.				
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	: There are no data availabl	e on the mixture i	tself.	
Description (: There are no data availabl	o on the mixture i	teelf	
Respiratory				
Respiratory Mutagenicity				
Mutagenicity				
Mutagenicity	: There are no data availabl			
Mutagenicity Not available.				

Australia GHS

Page: 7/11

Product name JOHNSTONES PROFESSIONAL TIMBER FURNITURE OIL TEAK

Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary Reproductive toxicity Not available.	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Conclusion/Summary Teratogenicity Not available.	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Conclusion/Summary Specific target organ toxi Not available.	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. city (single exposure)
Specific target organ toxi Not available.	<u>city (repeated exposure)</u>
Aspiration hazard Not available.	
Information on likely route of exposure Potential acute health effect	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the p	hysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Delayed and immediate eff	ects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
Short term exposure	

Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
General	: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
-	

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Other information

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains α -[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) derivatives, bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate, ω -[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) derivatives, methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate, 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one, octhilinone (ISO), reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
propane-1,2-diol	-0.92	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and
	contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	ADG	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class (es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Australia GHS Page: 9/11

Date of issue 6 December 2018 Version 1.03

Product name JOHNSTONES PROFESSIONAL TIMBER FURNITURE OIL TEAK

Section 14. Transport information

Additional information		
ADG	: None identified.	
Hazchem code	: Not applicable.	
IMDG	: None identified.	
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.	

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons		
SUSMP	: Not applicable.	
Model Work Health an	d Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances	
No listed substance		

No listed substance

Australia inventory (AICS) :		All components are listed or exempted.
------------------------------	--	--

New Zealand (NZIoC) : At least one component is not listed.

Section 16. Any other relevant information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 6 December 2018
Date of previous issue	: 7/2/2018
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) NOHSC = National Occupational Health and Safety Commission SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons UN = United Nations
References	: Not available.
Indicates information the	at has changed from previously issued version.

Section 16. Any other relevant information

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.