Material Safety Data Sheet



1. Identification of the material and supplier

<u>Names</u>	
Product name	: Sika® Primer-3 N
ADG	: Resin solution
<u>Supplier</u>	
Supplier/Manufacturer	: Sika Australia Pty. Ltd. 55 Elizabeth Street (Locked Bag 482 BDC) Wetherill Park, NSW 2164 Australia
Telephone no.	: +61 2 9725 11 45
Fax no.	: +61 2 9725 33 30
Emergency telephone number	: +61 1800 033 111
<u>Uses</u>	
Use of the substance/mixture	: Chemical product for construction and industry

2. Hazards identification

Classification	: F; R11 Xi; R36 R66, R67
Risk phrases	 R11- Highly flammable. R36- Irritating to eyes. R66- Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. R67- Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Statement of hazardous/dangerous nature	: HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE. DANGEROUS GOODS.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture	: Yes.		
ethyl acetate		141-78-6	30 - <60
xylene		1330-20-7	1 - <10
propan-2-ol		67-63-0	1 - <10
ethylbenzene		100-41-4	1 - <10
methanol		67-56-1	0.1 - <1
triethyl orthoformate		122-51-0	0.1 - <1
Dibutyltin dilaurate		77-58-7	0.1 - <1

Other ingredients, determined not to be hazardous according to Safe Work Australia criteria, and not dangerous according to the ADG Code, make up the product concentration to 100%.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First-aid measures

First-aid measures

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Sika® Primer-3 N

4. First-aid measures		
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.	
Skin contact	: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.	
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.	
Notes to physician	: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.	

5.	Fire-fighting	measures
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Extinguishing media	
Suitable	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Not suitable	: Do not use water jet.
Special exposure hazards	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
	Highly flammable liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Hazchem code	: 3YE

6. Accidental release measures

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Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Personal precautions	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

6. Accidental release measures

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

7. Handling and storage

Hand	ling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Storage : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and wellventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name ethyl acetate	Exposure limits Safe Work Australia (Australia, 8/2005). STEL: 1440 mg/m ³ 15 minute(s). STEL: 400 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 720 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hour(s).
xylene	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 8/2005). STEL: 655 mg/m ³ 15 minute(s). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 350 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 80 ppm 8 hour(s).
propan-2-ol	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 8/2005). STEL: 1230 mg/m ³ 15 minute(s). STEL: 500 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 983 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hour(s).
ethylbenzene	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 8/2005). STEL: 543 mg/m ³ 15 minute(s). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hour(s).
methanol	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 8/2005). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 328 mg/m ³ 15 minute(s). STEL: 250 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 262 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hour(s).
dibutyltin dilaurate	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 8/2005). Absorbed through skin. Notes: as Sn STEL: 0.2 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 15 minute(s). TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 8 hour(s).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

0. Exposure co	nu ois/personal protection
Recommended monitoring procedures	: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.
Exposure controls	
Engineering measures	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eyes	 Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.
Hands	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Respiratory	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Skin	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid. [Liquid.]
Colour	: Colourless to light yellow.
Odour	: Faint odour.
Density	: 0.98 g/cm ³ [20°C (68°F)]
Flash point	: Closed cup: -4°C (24.8°F)

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability	: The product is stable.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Materials to avoid	: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	 Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11. Toxicological information

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Potential acute health effects	<u>s</u>				
Inhalation	:	Vapours may cause dro	wsiness and dizzine	SS.	
Ingestion	:	No known significant eff	ects or critical haza	rds.	
Skin contact	:	Defatting to the skin. Ma	ay cause skin dryne	ss and irritation.	
Eye contact	:	Irritating to eyes.			
Acute toxicity					
Product/ingredient name		Result	Species	Dose	Exposure

11 Toviaclasica		Formation			
11. Toxicologica	u (N)	ormation			
ethyl acetate		LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
		LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	- 1 houro
		LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	1600 mg/l	4 hours
xylene		LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>1700 mg/kg	-
, y.ee		LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
		LC50 Inhalation	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
		Gas.			
propan-2-ol		LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
		LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat	6410 mg/kg 5045 mg/kg	-
		LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	_
ethylbenzene		LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
		LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
methanol		LD50 Dermal	Rat	300 mg/kg	-
		LD50 Oral	Rabbit Bot	14200 mg/kg	-
		LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	5600 mg/kg 100 mg/kg	-
		LC50 Inhalation	Rat	3 mg/l	- 4 hours
		Vapour			
triethyl orthoformate		LD50 Oral	Rat	7060 mg/kg	-
dibutyltin dilaurate		LD50 Oral	Rat	175 mg/kg	-
		LD50 Oral	Rabbit	100 mg/kg	-
Conclusion/Summary		Not available.			
Potential chronic health eff					
	ecis				
Chronic toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: 1	Not available.			
<u>Carcinogenicity</u>	_				
Conclusion/Summary	: 1	Not available.			
Mutagenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: 1	Not available.			
<u>Teratogenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: 1	Not available.			
Reproductive toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: 1	: Not available.			
Chronic effects	: F	 Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking 			
		and/or dermatitis.			
Carcinogenicity	: 1	No known significant effects	or critical hazar	ds.	
Mutagenicity		No known significant effects			
Teratogenicity		No known significant effects			
Developmental effects		 No known significant effects or critical hazards. 			
Fertility effects		No known significant effects			
Over-exposure signs/symp		te isterni ogrinount choolo			
Inhalation		Adverse symptoms moving!	ide the followin	0.	
initialation		Adverse symptoms may inclu nausea or vomiting		y.	
		neadache			
	(drowsiness/fatigue			
	(dizziness/vertigo			
Ingestion	: 1	No specific data.			
Skin		Adverse symptoms may inclu	ude the followin	g:	
		rritation			
		dryness			
_		cracking			
Eyes		Adverse symptoms may inclu	ude the followin	g:	
		rritation watering			
		redness			

11. Toxicological information

Target organs

: Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, liver, gastrointestinal tract, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.

12. Ecological information

Environmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Aquatic ecotoxicity						
Product/ingredient name ethylbenzene		Test -	Result Acute LC50 150 to 200 mg/L Fresh water	Species Fish - Bluegi	ill	Exposure 96 hours
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.				
Other ecological information						
Biodegradability						
Conclusion/Summary	1	Not available.				
Bioaccumulative potential						
Product/ingredient name		LogP _{ow}	BCF		Pote	<u>ntial</u>
ethyl acetate		0.73	-		low	
propan-2-ol		0.05	-		low	
methanol		-0.82 to 0.66	-		low	
Other adverse effects	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.				

13. Disposal considerations

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information

<u>ADG</u>

UN number		UN1866
	•	0111000
ADG Class	:	3
Packing group	:	II
Proper shipping name	:	Resin solution
Label No.	:	3
Hazchem code	:	3YE
ADR		
UN number	:	UN1866
ADR Class	:	3
Classification code	:	F1
Packing group	:	II
Proper shipping name	:	Resin solution
Label No.	:	3
IMDG		

: UN1866
: 3
: 11
: Resin solution

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14. Transport information

Emergency schedules (EmS)	: F-E, S-E
Marine pollutant	: No.
Label no.	: 3
ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	: UN1866
IATA Class	: 3
Packing group	: 11
Proper shipping name	: Resin solution
Label no.	: 3

15. Regulatory information

Standard for the Uniform Sc	heduling of Drugs and Poisons	2	
7			
Control of Scheduled Carcir	logenic Substances		
Ingredient name No listed substance		<u>Schedule</u>	
Australia inventory (AICS)	: Not determined.		
EU Classification	: F; R11 Xi; R36 R66, R67		
16. Other information			

Person who prepared the : Validated by DeSilva on 13.03.2012. MSDS

Date of previous issue : 19.06.2010.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

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