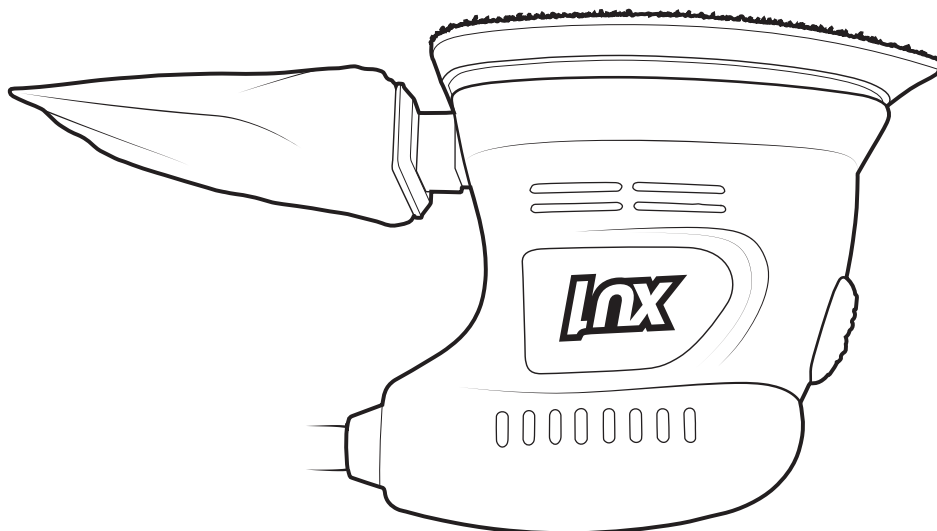


Operating Instructions

XDS-300

**12 MONTHS HOME USE
REPLACEMENT WARRANTY**



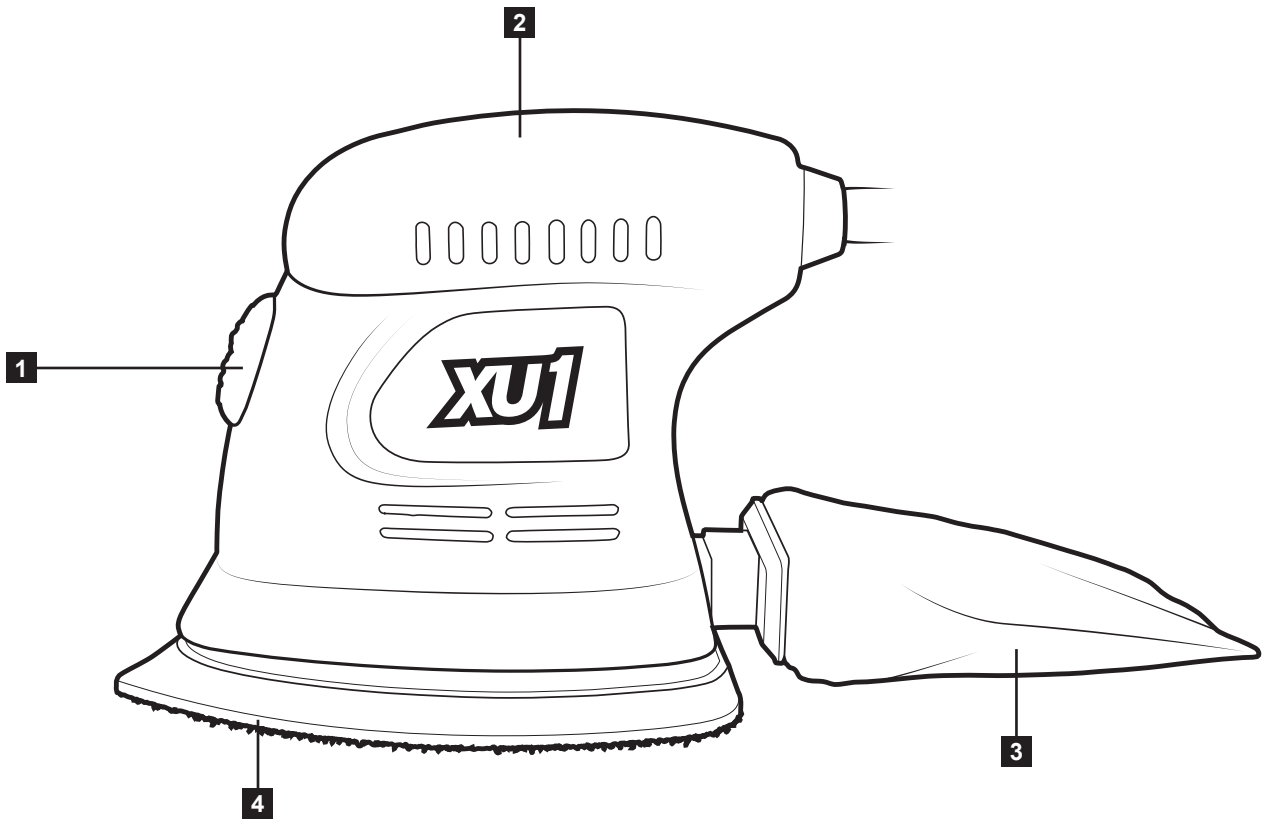
**125W
Detail
Sander**

Inx

XU1 Power tools

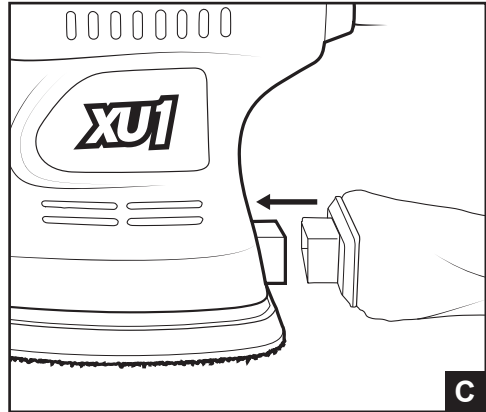
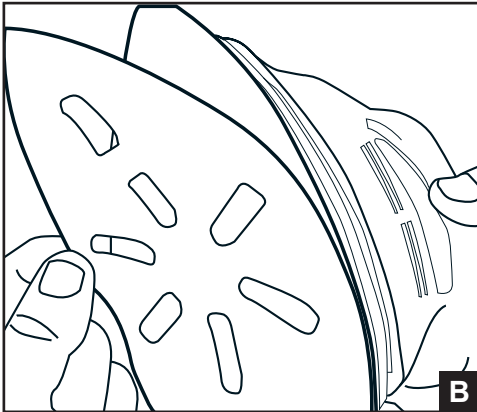
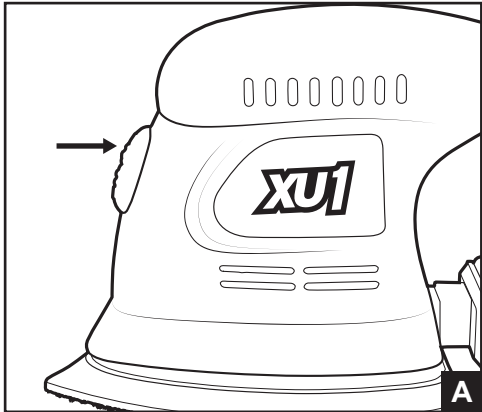
1-23 Letcon Drive, Bangholme, Victoria, Australia 3175

Telephone: 1800 069 486



1 On/Off Switch
2 Palm Grip

3 Dust Bag
4 Hook and Loop Backing Pad



SPECIFICATIONS

Motor:	125W
Input:	230-240V ~ 50Hz
No Load Speed:	14,000/min
Paper Fitment:	Hook & Loop
Tool Weight:	0.8kg

USING YOUR DETAIL SANDER

This tool is intended for use in a DIY (Do It Yourself) context or for hobbyist purposes. It is not built for continuous daily use in a trade or professional capacity.

Before using the machine, carefully read these instructions, especially the safety rules to help ensure that your machine always operates properly.

Before attempting to operate the machine, familiarise yourself with the controls and make sure you know how to stop the machine quickly in an emergency.

Save these instructions and the other documents supplied with this machine for future reference.



WARNING! Ensure the tool is turned off and disconnected from the power supply before performing any of the following operations.



WARNING! The power supply for this charger should be protected by a residual current device (rated at 30mA or less).

On/Off Switch

1. To turn the sander on, depress the on/off switch to the 'I' setting.
2. To turn the sander off, depress the on/off switch to the 'O' setting. **FIG. A**

DETAIL SANDER OPERATION

Sanding Sheet Installation

Your detail sander is equipped with a hook and loop backing pad. This uses hook and loop technology, which firmly grips the sanding sheet when applied with moderate pressure.

1. To change, merely peel off the old sanding sheet, remove dust from the hook and loop backing pad if necessary, and press the new sanding sheet in place.
2. Be sure to align the sanding sheet holes with the holes in the hook and loop backing pad. This allows the dust extraction system to function effectively.

FIG. B

After considerable use, the hook and loop backing pad surface may become worn, and must be replaced when it no longer offers a firm grip. If the hook and loop backing pad facing is wearing prematurely, decrease the amount of pressure applied during operation of the sander. Damage to the hook and loop backing pad is not covered by the warranty.

Note: Please refer to the maintenance section for backing pad replacement procedure.

Dust Bag

The dust extraction system extracts sanding dust from the work piece through the holes in the hook and loop backing pad. The dust is then transferred through to the dust extraction port on the rear of the sander housing. To capture this dust, it is best to attach the dust bag.

1. To attach the dust bag simply slide the dust bag adaptor over the dust extraction port on the rear of the sander housing. **FIG. C**
2. To remove the dust bag, simply pull the dust adaptor bag backwards away from the dust extraction port.

Note: For the dust bag to work at its optimum level, empty when it becomes 1/3 full. This allows air to flow through the bag freely, increasing its effectiveness.

Sanding Procedure



WARNING! Guide the cord during sanding to prevent it being caught on the workpiece, or other tools/objects.

The procedure for operating the sander is set out below:

1. Firmly grasp the sander in front of you and away from your body.
2. Start the sander by depressing the on/off switch to the 'I' position.
3. Let the motor build up to maximum speed. Gradually lower it onto the workpiece with a slight forward movement.
4. Move the sander slowly over the workpiece using forward and backward, or side to side strokes.
5. Upon completion of the sanding operation, remove the sander from the workpiece. Turn off the sander by depressing the on/off switch to the 'O' position.

MAINTENANCE



WARNING! Ensure the tool is turned off and disconnected from the power supply before performing any of the following operations.

Replacing the Hook & Loop Backing Pad

After considerable use, the hook and loop backing pad surface will become worn, and must be replaced when it no longer offers a firm grip. The replacement backing pad can be ordered through the Special Orders Desk at any Bunnings store.

1. To replace, remove the four phillips head screws by rotating anti-clockwise.
2. Place new backing pad on the tool and retighten the four phillips head screws by rotating counter clockwise.

Keep ventilation slots of the sander clean at all times. If possible prevent foreign matter from entering the vents.

After each use, blow air through the sander housing to ensure it is free from all dust particles that may build up.

CAUTION: Excessive build-up of dust particles may cause the sander to overheat and fail.

If the enclosure of the sander requires cleaning, use a soft, moist cloth only. Do not use solvents.

CAUTION: Never immerse any part of the sander in liquid.

Carbon brushes will wear out after many uses, causing the sander to spark and/or stop. The brushes are a wearing component of the sander and should be replaced prior to the carbon wearing out completely. Take the sander to a suitably qualified electrician or power tool repairer for replacement. Always replace both brushes at the same time.

Note: XU1 will not be responsible for any damage or injuries caused by the repair of a tool by an unauthorised person or by mishandling of the tool.

WARRANTY

YOUR WARRANTY FORM SHOULD BE RETAINED BY YOU AT ALL TIMES. IN ORDER TO MAKE A CLAIM UNDER THIS WARRANTY YOU MUST RETURN THE PRODUCT TO YOUR NEAREST BUNNINGS WAREHOUSE WITH YOUR BUNNINGS REGISTER RECEIPT. PRIOR TO RETURNING YOUR PRODUCT FOR WARRANTY. PLEASE TELEPHONE OUR CUSTOMER SERVICE HELPLINE:

Australia 1800 069 486

New Zealand 0508 069 486

TO ENSURE A SPEEDY RESPONSE PLEASE HAVE THE MODEL NUMBER AND DATE OF PURCHASE AVAILABLE. A CUSTOMER SERVICE REPRESENTATIVE WILL TAKE YOUR CALL AND ANSWER ANY QUESTIONS YOU MAY HAVE RELATING TO THE WARRANTY POLICY OR PROCEDURE.

The benefits provided under this warranty are in addition to other rights and remedies which are available to you at law.

Our goods come with guarantees that cannot be excluded at law. You are entitled to a replacement or refund for a major failure and for compensation for any other reasonably foreseeable loss or damage. You are also entitled to have the goods repaired or replaced if the goods fail to be of acceptable quality and the failure does not amount to a major failure.

Generally you will be responsible for all costs associated with a claim under this warranty, however, where you have suffered any additional direct loss as a result of a defective product you may be able to claim such expenses by contacting our customer service helpline above.

1 YEAR REPLACEMENT WARRANTY

Your product is guaranteed for a period of 12 months from the original date of purchase and is intended for DIY (Do It Yourself) use only. If a product is defective it will be replaced in accordance with the terms of this warranty. Warranty excludes consumable parts, for example: driver bits.

WARNING

The following actions will result in the warranty being void.

- Professional, Industrial or high frequency use.
- If the tool has been operated on a supply voltage other than that specified on the tool.
- If the tool shows signs of damage or defects caused by or resulting from abuse, accidents or alterations.
- Failure to perform maintenance as set out within the instruction manual.
- If the tool is disassembled or tampered with in any way.

XU1

Australia/New Zealand (Head Office)

1-23 Letcon Drive, Bangholme, Victoria, Australia 3175

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

 **ALWAYS WEAR EYE, FACE AND EAR PROTECTION**


When operating the tool

Keep the mains cable away from any moving parts or accessories.

Never cover the ventilation slots in the tool.

Electrical safety

The electric motor has been designed for 230-240V only. Always check that the power supply corresponds to the voltage on the rating plate.

 This tool is double insulated; therefore no earth wire is required.

Using an extension lead







Always use an approved extension lead suitable for the power input of this tool. Before use, inspect the extension lead for signs of damage, wear and ageing. Replace the extension lead if damaged or defective.

When using an extension lead on a reel, always unwind the lead completely. Use of an extension lead not suitable for the power input of the tool or which is damaged or defective may result in a risk of fire and electric shock.



The power supply for this product should be protected by a residual current device (rated at 30mA or less). A residual current device reduces the risk of electric shock.

If the supply cord is damaged, it must be replaced by the manufacturer, its service agent or similarly qualified persons in order to avoid a hazard.

Description of symbols

-  Read instruction manual
-  Wear eye, breathing and hearing protection
-  R.C.M. Regulatory compliance mark
-  Do not put in the rubbish
-  Double insulated
- V** Volts
- ~** Alternating current
- Hz** Hertz
- W** Watts
-  Warning

Caring for the environment

-  Power tools that are no longer usable should not be disposed of with household waste but in an environmentally friendly way.
-  Please recycle where facilities exist. Check with your local council authority for recycling advice. Recycling packaging reduces the need for landfill and raw materials. Reuse of recycled material decreases pollution in the environment. Please recycle packaging where facilities exist.

Check with your local council authority for recycling advice.

General Power Tool Safety Warnings



WARNING! Read all safety warnings and all instructions. Failure to follow the warnings and instructions may result in electric shock, fire and/or serious injury.

Save all warnings and instructions for future reference. The term "power tool" in all of the warnings refers to your mains-operated (corded) power tool or battery-operated (cordless) power tool.

1) Work area safety

a) Keep work area clean and well lit.

Cluttered and dark areas invite accidents.

b) Do not operate power tools in explosive atmospheres, such as in the presence of flammable liquids, gases or dust.

Power tools create sparks which may ignite the dust or fumes.

c) Keep children and bystanders away while operating a power tool.

Distractions can cause you to lose control.

2) Electrical safety

a) Power tool plugs must match the outlet. Never modify the plug in any way. Do not use any adapter plugs with earthed (grounded) power tools.

Unmodified plugs and matching outlets will reduce risk of electric shock.

b) Avoid body contact with earthed or grounded surfaces such as pipes, radiators, ranges and refrigerators.

There is an increased risk of electric shock if your body is earthed or grounded.

c) Do not expose power tools to rain or wet conditions.

Water entering a power tool will increase the risk of electric shock.

d) Do not abuse the cord. Never use the cord for carrying, pulling or unplugging the power tool. Keep cord away from heat, oil, sharp edges or moving parts.

Damaged or entangled cords increase the risk of electric shock.

e) When operating a power tool outdoors, use an extension cord suitable for outdoor use.

Use of a cord suitable for outdoor use reduces the risk of electric shock.

f) If operating a power tool in a damp location is unavoidable, use a residual current device (RCD) protected supply.

Use of an RCD reduces the risk of electric shock.

3) Personal safety

a) Stay alert, watch what you are doing and use common sense when operating a power tool. Do not use a power tool while drugs, alcohol or medication.

A moment of inattention while operating power tools may result in serious personal injury.

b) Use personal protective equipment. Always wear eye protection.

Personal protective equipment such as dust mask, non-skid safety shoes, hard hat, or hearing protection used for appropriate conditions will reduce personal injuries.

c) Prevent unintentional starting. Ensure the switch is in the off-position before connecting to power source and/or

battery pack, picking up or carrying the tool. Carrying power tools with your finger on the switch or energising power tools that have the switch on invites accidents.

d) Remove any adjusting key or wrench before turning the power tool on.

A wrench or a key left attached to a rotating part of the power tool may result in personal injury.

e) Do not overreach. Keep proper footing and balance at all times.

This enables better control of the power tool in unexpected situations.

f) Dress properly. Do not wear loose clothing or jewellery. Keep your hair, clothing and gloves away from moving parts.

Loose clothes, jewellery or long hair can be caught in moving parts.

g) If devices are provided for the connection of dust extraction and collection facilities, ensure these are connected and properly used.

Use of dust collection can reduce dust-related hazards.

4) Power tool use and care

a) Do not force the power tool. Use the correct power tool for your application.

The correct power tool will do the job better and safer at the rate for which it was designed.

b) Do not use the power tool if the switch does not turn it on and off.

Any power tool that cannot be controlled with the switch is dangerous and must be repaired.

c) Disconnect the plug from the power source and/or the battery pack from the power tool before making any adjustments, changing accessories, or storing power tools.

Such preventive safety measures reduce the risk of starting the power tool accidentally.

d) Store idle power tools out of the reach of children and do not allow persons unfamiliar with the power tool or these instructions to operate the power tool.

Power tools are dangerous in the hands of untrained users.

e) Maintain power tools. Check for misalignment or binding of moving parts, breakage of parts and any other condition that may affect the power tools operation. If damaged, have the power tool repaired before use.

Many accidents are caused by poorly maintained power tools.

f) Keep cutting tools sharp and clean.

Properly maintained cutting tools with sharp cutting edges are less likely to bind and are easier to control.

g) Use the power tool, accessories and tool bits etc. in accordance with these instructions and in the manner intended for the particular type of power tool, taking into account the working conditions and the work to be performed.

Use of the power tool for operations different from those intended could result in a hazardous situation.

h) Keep handles and grasping surfaces dry, clean and free from oil and grease.


Slippery handles and grasping surfaces do not allow for safe handling and control of the tool in unexpected situations.

5) Service

a) Have your power tool serviced by a qualified repair person using only identical replacement parts.

This will ensure that the safety of the power tool is maintained.

ADDITIONAL SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS FOR SANDERS

 **WARNING!** This appliance is not intended for use by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance by a person responsible for their safety.

Safety Warnings common for Sanding Operations:

- a) **This power tool is intended to function as a sander. Read all safety warnings, instructions, illustrations and specifications provided with this power tool.** Failure to follow all instructions listed below may result in electric shock, fire and/or serious injury.
- b) **Operations such as grinding, wire brushing or cutting-off are not recommended to be performed with this power tool.** Operations for which the power tool was not designed may create a hazard and cause personal injury.
- c) **Do not use accessories which are not specifically designed and recommended by the tool manufacturer.** Just because the accessory can be attached to your power tool, it does not assure safe operation.
- d) **The rated speed of the accessory must be at least equal to the maximum speed marked on the power tool.** Accessories running faster than their rated speed can break and fly apart.
- e) **The outside diameter and the thickness of your accessory must be within the capacity rating of your power tool.** Incorrectly sized accessories cannot be adequately guarded or controlled.
- f) **Threaded mounting of accessories must match the spindle thread.** Accessories that do not match the mounting hardware of the power tool will run out of balance, vibrate excessively and may cause loss of control.
- g) **Do not use a damaged accessory. Before each use inspect the accessory such as a backing pad for cracks, tears or excess wear. If power tool or accessory is dropped, inspect for damage or install an undamaged accessory. After inspecting and installing an accessory, position yourself and bystanders away from the plane of the rotating accessory and run the power tool at maximum no-load speed for one minute.** Damaged accessories will normally break apart during this test time.
- h) **Wear personal protective equipment. Depending on application, use face shield, safety goggles or safety glasses. As appropriate, wear dust mask, hearing protectors, gloves and workshop apron capable of stopping small abrasive or work piece fragments.** The eye protection must be capable of stopping flying debris generated by various operations. The dust mask or respirator must be

capable of filtering particles generated by your operation. Prolonged exposure to high intensity noise may cause hearing loss.

- i) **Keep bystanders a safe distance away from work area. Anyone entering the work area must wear personal protective equipment.** Fragments of work piece or of a broken accessory may fly away and cause injury beyond immediate area of operation.
- k) **Position the cord clear of the spinning accessory.** If you lose control, the cord may be cut or snagged and your hand or arm may be pulled into the spinning accessory.
- l) **Never lay the power tool down until the accessory has come to a complete stop.** The spinning accessory may grab the surface and pull the power tool out of your control.
- m) **Do not run the power tool while carrying it at your side.** Accidental contact with the spinning accessory could snag your clothing, pulling the accessory into your body.
- n) **Regularly clean the power tool's air vents.** The motor's fan will draw the dust inside the housing and excessive accumulation of powdered metal may cause electrical hazards.
- o) **Do not operate the power tool near flammable materials.** Sparks could ignite these materials.
- p) **Do not use accessories that require liquid coolants.** Using water or other liquid coolants may result in electrocution or shock.

Kickback and Related Warnings

Kickback is a sudden reaction to a pinched or snagged rotating wheel, backing pad, brush or any other accessory. Pinching or snagging causes rapid stalling of the rotating accessory which in turn causes the uncontrolled power tool to be forced in the direction opposite of the accessory's rotation at the point of the binding.

For example, if an abrasive wheel is snagged or pinched by the work piece, the edge of the wheel that is entering into the pinch point can dig into the surface of the material causing the wheel to climb out or kick out. The wheel may either jump toward or away from the operator, depending on direction of the wheel's movement at the point of pinching. Abrasive wheels may also break under these conditions.

Kickback is the result of power tool misuse and/or incorrect operating procedures or conditions and can be avoided by taking proper precautions as given below.

- a) **Maintain a firm grip on the power tool and position your body and arm to allow you to resist kickback forces. Always use auxiliary handle, if provided, for maximum control over kickback or torque reaction during start-up.** The operator can control torque reactions or kickback forces, if proper precautions are taken.
- b) **Never place your hand near the rotating accessory.** Accessory may kickback over your hand.
- c) **Do not position your body in the area where power tool will move if kickback occurs.** Kickback will propel the tool in

direction opposite to the wheel's movement at the point of snagging.

- d) **Use special care when working corners, sharp edges etc. Avoid bouncing and snagging the accessory.** Corners, sharp edges or bouncing have a tendency to snag the rotating accessory and cause loss of control or kickback.
- e) **Do not attach a saw chain woodcarving blade or toothed saw blade.** Such blades create frequent kickback and loss of control.


Safety Warnings Specific for Sanding Operations

- a) **Do not use excessively oversized sanding disc paper. Follow manufacturers recommendations, when selecting sanding paper.** Larger sanding paper extending beyond the sanding pad presents a laceration hazard and may cause snagging, tearing of the disc or kickback.

Unplug the sander before changing accessories.


Accidental start-ups may occur if the sander is plugged in while changing an accessory.

Disposing of dust. Be extremely careful of dust disposal, materials in fine particle form may be explosive. Do not throw sanding dust on an open fire. Spontaneous combustion, may in time, result from a mixture of oil or water with dust particles.

 **WARNING!** Some dust created by power sanding, sawing, grinding, drilling and other construction activities contain chemicals known to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. Some examples of these chemicals are:

- Lead from lead-based paints;
- Crystalline silica from bricks, cement and other masonry products, and;
- Arsenic and chromium from chemically-treated timber.

The risk from such exposures vary depending on how often you do this type of work. To reduce your exposure to these chemicals; work in a well ventilated area, and work with approved safety equipment, such as those dust masks that are specifically designed to filter out microscopic particles.

 **WARNING!** When using mains-powered equipment, basic safety precautions, including the following, should always be followed to reduce risk of fire, electric shock, personal injury and material damage.