# **Material Safety Data Sheet**



#### Identification of the material and supplier 1.

Sikaflex Self Leveling Sealant (Contractors Choice)
: Sika Australia Pty. Ltd. 55 Elizabeth Street (Locked Bag 482 BDC) Wetherill Park, NSW 2164 Australia
: +61 2 9725 11 45
: +61 2 9725 33 30
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Chemical product for construction and industry

#### 2. Hazards identification

Classification	: R43
Risk phrases	: R43- May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
Safety phrases	: S24- Avoid contact with skin. S37- Wear suitable gloves.
Statement of hazardous/dangerous nature	: HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

#### **Composition/information on ingredients** 3.

Mixture	: Yes.			
xylene		1330-20-7	1 - <10	
1,3,3-trimethyl-N-(2-me propylidene)amino]cycl	thylpropylidene)-5-[(2-methyl- ohexanemethylamine	54914-37-3	1 - <10	
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5	,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate	4098-71-9	0.1 - <1	

Other ingredients, determined not to be hazardous according to NOHSC criteria, and not dangerous according to the ADG Code, make up the product concentration to 100%.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

#### 4 First-aid measures

First-aid measures		
Inhalation	:	Move exposed person to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Move exposed person to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Version :	1.01	Page: 1/7

### 4. First-aid measures

Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media		
Suitable	1	Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Not suitable	1	Do not use water jet.
Special exposure hazards		Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
		Combustible liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Version :	1.01	Page: 2/7
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### 7. Handling and storage

Handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Storage

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and wellventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limit	<u>s</u>		
Ingredient name xylene	Exposure limits Safe Work Australia (Australia, 8/2005). STEL: 655 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minute(s). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 350 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). TWA: 80 ppm 8 hour(s).		
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trin	nethylcyclohexyl isocyanate Safe Work Australia (Australia, 8/2005). Skin sensitiser. STEL: 0.07 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minute(s). TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).		
Recommended monitoring procedures	If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.		
Exposure controls			
Engineering measures	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.		
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.		
Eyes	<ul> <li>Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.</li> </ul>		
Hands	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.		
Respiratory	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.		

Sikaflex Self Leveling Sealant (Contractors Choice)		
8. Exposure co	ntrols/personal protection	
Skin	<ul> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>	
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid. [Viscous liquid.]
Colour	: Grey.
Odour	: Aromatic.
Density	: 1.38 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Flash point	: Closed cup: 80°C (176°F)
Vapour density	: >1 [Air = 1]
Evaporation rate (butyl acetate = 1)	: <1 (ether (anhydrous) = 1)

10.	Stability	and	reactivity	
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Stability	: The product is stable.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Materials to avoid	<ul> <li>Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials</li> </ul>
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## 11. Toxicological information

Potential acute health effect	<u>s</u>				
Inhalation	:	Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.			
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Skin contact	1	May cause skin irritation. May cause sensitisation by skin contact.			
Eye contact	1	May cause eye irritation.			
Acute toxicity					
Product/ingredient name xylene		Result LD50 Dermal	Species Rabbit	Dose >1700 mg/kg	Exposure -
		LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50	Rat Mouse	2459 mg/kg 1548 mg/kg	-
		Intraperitoneal LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rat Mouse	4300 mg/kg 2119 mg/kg	-
		LD50 Oral LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	1700 mg/kg	-
		LDLo Intravenous	Rabbit	129 mg/kg	-
		TDLo Dermal LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Mouse Rat	4.21 mL/kg 5000 ppm	- 4 hours
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5- trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate		LD50 Oral	Rat	4825 mg/kg	-
		LDLo Dermal LDLo Oral	Rat Mouse	1 mL/kg 2500 uL/kg	-
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	1	Not available.			
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ects</u>				
Chronic toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary Carcinogenicity	:	Not available.			
Version : 1.0	)1				Page: 4/7

## Sikaflex Self Leveling Sealant (Contractors Choice)

## 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
<u>Mutagenicity</u>	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
<b>Teratogenicity</b>	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not available.
Reproductive toxicity	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not available.
Chronic effects	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>toms</u>
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Skin	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Eyes	: No specific data.
Target organs	: Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, liver, gastrointestinal tract, upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes, central nervous system (CNS).

# 12. Ecological information

Environmental effects	vironmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Aquatic ecotoxicity				
Product/ingredient name xylene	Test -	Result Acute LC50 8.5 ppm Marine water	Species Crustaceans - Daggerblade grass shrimp - Palaemonetes pugio - Adult	Exposure 48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 13500 to 19200 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Rainbow trout,donaldson trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss - 0.9 g	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 13500 to 15034 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Bluegill - Lepomis macrochirus - 0.9 g	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 13500 to 16100 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Bluegill - Lepomis macrochirus - 1.1 g	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 13400 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - 31 days - 18.4 mm - 0.077 g	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 13300 to 16114 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Bluegill - Lepomis macrochirus - 1.1 g	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 12000 to 13762 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Bluegill - Lepomis macrochirus - 1.1	96 hours

#### Sikaflex Self Leveling Sealant (Contractors Choice)

#### 12. Ecological information

13. Disposal cons	sic	derations			
Other adverse effects	:	No known significant effects	or critical hazards.		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.			
<u>Biodegradability</u>					
Other ecological information	1				
Conclusion/Summary		Not available.		,	
				Oncorhynchus mykiss - 0.6 g	
			Fresh water	trout -	
		-	to 4093 ug/L	trout,donaldson	90 NOUIS
			Acute LC50 3300	mykiss - 0.6 g Fish - Rainbow	96 hours
			Fresh water	trout - Oncorhynchus	
			to 10032 ug/L	trout,donaldson	
		-	Acute LC50 8200	pugio Fish - Rainbow	96 hours
			-	Palaemonetes	
			ug/L Marine water	Daggerblade grass shrimp -	
		-	Acute LC50 8500	Crustaceans -	48 hours
			Fresh water	macrochirus - 0.9 g	
		-	Acute LC50 8600 to 9591 ug/L	Fish - Bluegill - Lepomis	96 hours
			0	g	
			12000 to 16114 ug/L Fresh water	Lepomis macrochirus - 1.1	
		-	Acute LC50	Fish - Bluegill -	96 hours

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

#### 14. Transport information

#### <u>ADG</u>

Not regulated.	
ADG Class	: -
Label No.	:

#### <u>adr</u>

Not regulated.

#### <u>IMDG</u>

Not regulated. Marine pollutant

#### <u>IATA</u>

Not regulated.

: No.

## 15. Regulatory information

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons

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Control of Scheduled Carcinogenic Substances

Ingredient name No listed substance Schedule

Australia inventory (AICS)	: All components are listed or exempted.
EU Classification	: R43

### 16. Other information

Person who prepared the : Validated by DeSilva on 05.07.2010. MSDS

Date of previous issue : 05.07.2010.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

<u>Disclaimer</u>

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