Material Safety Data Sheet

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Product Name MONOCEL GOLD STAIN & VARNISH GLOSS AEROSOL

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product Name MONOCEL GOLD STAIN & VARNISH GLOSS AEROSOL

Product Code Cedar: 45901; Jarrah: 45911; Golden Oak: 45921; Teak: 45941

Company Name BONDALL PTY LTD (ABN 27 008 734 996)

Address 113 Belmont Avenue

Relmont

WA 6104 Australia

Emergency Tel. 0400 705 773 or Poisons Information Centre: 13 11 26

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Australia:

Classification Not classified as Hazardous according to criteria of National Occupational

Health & Safety Commission, Australia (NOHSC).

Classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the

Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail.

Risk Phrase(s) R12 Extremely Flammable.

Safety Phrase(s) S16 Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

S23 Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray S24/25 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

S33 Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

S51 Use only in well ventilated areas.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Information on Composition Ingredients The petroleum oils in this product contain less than 0.1% $\mbox{w/w}$ Benzene.

uon			
nts	Name	CAS	Proportion
	Solvent naphtha, petroleum, medium aliphatic	64742-88-7	10-30 %
	Solvent Naphtha Petroleum, light aliphatic	64742-89-8	10-30 %
	Propane (propellant)	74-98-6	5-15 %
	Butane (propellant)	106-97-8	5-15 %
	Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic	64742-95-6	1-10 %
	n-Hexane	110-54-3	1-<5 %
	Iron oxides		1-<5 %
	Methyl ethyl ketoxime	96-29-7	0-<1 %
	Other ingredients determined not to be hazardous		Balance

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation Remove the source of contamination or move the affected person to fresh air.

Ensure airways are clear. Keep at rest until fully recovered. If symptoms persist seek medical attention. If breathing is shallow or has stopped, ensure clear airways and apply resuscitation. Seek immediate medical attention. Note: in confined space - DO NOT ATTEMPT RESCUE WITHOUT ADEQUATE RESPIRATORY

PROTECTION.

Ingestion Unlikely due to form of the product. If ingestion occurs, do not induce

vomiting. Wash out mouth and lips with water. Where vomiting occurs naturally

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have affected person place head below hip level in order to reduce risk of

aspiration. Seek immediate medical attention.

Remove all contaminated clothing. Wash gently and thoroughly with water and Skin

non-abrasive soap. Ensure contaminated clothing is washed before re-use or

discard. If irritation develops and persists, seek medical attention.

If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eyes continuously with running water. Continue flushing for several minutes until all contaminants are washed

out completely. If symptoms develop and persist seek medical attention.

Eye wash and normal washroom facilities. First Aid Facilities

Treat symptomatically. Advice to Doctor

For advice in an emergency, contact a Poisons Information Centre (Phone in **Other Information**

Australia 131 126) or a doctor.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Use carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam, water fog or water mist. Suitable

Extinguishing Media

Hazards from Combustion

Eve

Under fire conditions this product may emit toxic and/or irritating smoke,

fumes and gases including carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Products Specific Hazards

Contents under pressure - cans can explode in a fire or may become a projectile in a fire. This product is extremely flammable. Keep containers and fire-exposed surfaces cool with water spray. Shut off any leak if safe to do so and remove sources of re-ignition. Vapour/air mixtures may ignite

explosively. Flashback along the vapour trail may occur. Runoff to sewer may

create fire or explosion hazard.

Hazchem Code

Precautions in connection with Fire Fire fighters should wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) operated in positive pressure mode. In case of fire the product may be violently or explosively reactive. Use water spray to disperse vapours. This product should be prevented from entering drains and watercourses.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Procedures

Extinguish or remove all sources of ignition and stop leak if safe to do so. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Evacuate all unprotected personnel. Water spray or fog may be used to disperse/absorb vapour if any. If safe, damaged cans should be placed in a container outdoors, away from ignition sources, until pressure has dissipated. Undamaged cans should be gathered and stowed safely. Place inert, non-combustible absorbent material onto liquid spillage. Collect residues and seal in labelled drums for disposal. If contamination of sewers or waterways occurs inform the local water authorities and waste management authorities in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste according to applicable local and national regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE. VAPOUR OR GAS REDUCES OXYGEN FOR BREATHING. IN CONFINED SPACES MAY CAUSE ASPHYXIATION. Wear appropriate protective clothing and equipment to prevent inhalation, skin and eye exposure. Handle and use the material in a well-ventilated area, away from sparks, flames and other ignition sources. DO NOT store or use in confined spaces. Have emergency equipment (for fires, spills, leaks, etc.) readily available. Open containers carefully as they may be under pressure. Keep containers closed when not in use. Build up of mists or vapours in the atmosphere must be prevented. Do NOT cut or heat containers as they may contain hazardous residues. Do not smoke. Flameproof equipment is necessary in areas where the product is being used. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Earth or bond all equipment. Do not empty into drains. Ensure a high level of personal hygiene is maintained when using this product, that is, always wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using the toilet facilities.

Conditions for Safe Storage

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area away from sources of ignition, oxidising agents, foodstuffs, clothing and out of direct sunlight. Protect container against physical damage. Inspect regularly for deficiencies such as

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damage or leaks. Have appropriate fire extinguishers available in and near the storage area. Do NOT pressurise, cut or heat aerosol containers. Content is under pressure and can explode violently. For information on the design of the storeroom, reference should be made to Australian Standard AS 2278-2000 Non-refillable metal aerosol dispensers of capacity 50 mL to 1000 mL inclusive. Reference should also be made to all Local, State and Federal regulations.

Storage Regulations

AS 2278 Australian Standard -2000 Non-refillable metal aerosol dispensers of capacity 50 mL to 1000 mL inclusive.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

National Exposure Standards

No value assigned for this specific material by the Australian National Occupational Health and Safety Commission (NOHSC), Australia. However, the available exposure limits on the ingredients are as follows:

Australian National Occupational Health And Safety Commission (NOHSC) Exposure Standards:

Substance	TWA		STEL		Notices
	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³	
n-Hexane	20	72	_	-	-
Hexane, other isomers	500	1760	1000	3500	_
Butane	800	1900	_	_	asphyxiant
Iron oxide fume	_	5	_	_	-
(Fe2O3) (as Fe)					

TWA (Time Weighted Average): The average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal eight-hour working day, for a five-day week.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit): The average airborne concentration over a 15 minute period which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight-hour workday.

Biological Limit

Values

Other Exposure Information

No Biological limit available.

Propane and Butane are asphyxiant gases which when present in an atmosphere in high concentration, leads to reduction of oxygen concentration by displacement or dilution. It is not appropriate to recommend an exposure standard for an asphyxiant, rather it should be required that a sufficient oxygen concentration be maintained.

Engineering Controls

Provide sufficient ventilation to keep airborne levels below the exposure limits. Where vapours or mists are generated, particularly in enclosed areas, and natural ventilation is inadequate, a flameproof local exhaust ventilation system is required. Product contains asphyxiants, before entering a confined space where asphyxiant is present, check to make sure sufficient Oxygen (19.5%) exists.

Respiratory **Protection**

If engineering controls are not effective in controlling airborne exposure then an approved respirator with a replaceable organic vapour filter should be used. Reference should be made to Australian/New Zealand Standards AS/NZS 1715, Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/NZS 1716, Respiratory Protective Devices, in order to make any necessary changes for individual circumstances.

Eye Protection

Safety glasses with side shields, goggles or full-face shield as appropriate recommended. Final choice of appropriate eye/face protection will vary according to individual circumstances i.e. methods of handling or engineering controls and according to risk assessments undertaken. Eye protection should conform with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 - Eye Protectors for Industrial Applications.

Hand Protection

Wear gloves of impervious material. Final choice of appropriate gloves will vary according to individual circumstances ie. methods of handling or according to risk assessments undertaken. Reference should be made to AS/NZS 2161.1: Occupational protective gloves - Selection, use and maintenance. Suitable protective workwear, e.g. cotton overalls buttoned at neck and wrist. Industrial clothing should conform to the specifications detailed in AS/NZS

Body Protection

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

2919: Industrial clothing.

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Coloured liquid in an aerosol pressure pack. **Appearance**

Hydrocarbon solvent odour Odour

Not available **Melting Point** 145-200°C **Boiling Point** Insoluble Solubility in Water

Not applicable pH Value

Vapour Pressure > 1 kPa

Vapour Density

Specific Gravity

>1

0.86

(Air=1)

Not available **Evaporation Rate** Not available Pour Point **Flash Point** Not available

Flammability Extremely flammable. (Contains Butane and Propane)

Auto-Ignition

Not available

Temperature

Not available Flammable Limits -

Lower

Flammable Limits -Not available

Upper

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stable under normal conditions of use and handling. **Chemical Stability**

Incompatible

Strong oxidising agents.

Materials

Thermal decomposition may result in the release of toxic and/or irritating Hazardous

Decomposition

Products Hazardous

Will not occur.

Polymerization

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicology Information No toxicity data available for this product.

Inhalation

Inhalation of product vapours may cause irritation of the nose, throat and

respiratory system.

Propane and Butane are asphyxiant gases which when present in an atmosphere in high concentration, leads to reduction of oxygen concentration by displacement or dilution. Symptoms include decreased visual acuity, decreased coordination and judgment, headache, dizziness, confusion, drowsiness, fatigue, shortness of breath, muscular weakness, convulsions, unconsciousness, coma and

eventually death.

Unlikely due to form of the product. If ingestion occurs, may cause lung **Ingestion**

fumes and gases including carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

damage if swallowed. Subsequent to ingestion or vomiting, small amounts of liquid aspirated into the respiratory system may cause severe pulmonary injury that may lead to death. May also cause irritation to the gastrointestinal system. Symptoms may include nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea and abdominal pain. May be irritating to skin. The symptoms may include redness, itching and

Skin swelling.

May cause eye irritation, tearing, stinging, blurred vision, and redness. Eye

Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause defatting leading to dermatitis. **Chronic Effects**

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Not available **Ecotoxicity**

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Persistence /

Not available

Degradability

MobilityNot availableBioaccumulativeNot available

Potential

Environ. Protection Do not allow product to enter drains, waterways or sewers.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Considerations The disposal of the spilled or waste material must be done in accordance with applicable local and national regulations. Disposal facilities must be capable of handling aerosol cans. Dispose of empty product containers in a sanitary landfill. Dispose of waste product in a facility permitted to accept chemical waste. Do not incinerate cans even when empty.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport Information

This material is classified as a Division 2.1 (Flammable Gases) Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road or Rail. (7th edition)

Division 2.1 Dangerous Goods are incompatible in a placard load with any of the following:

- Class 1, Explosives

- Division 2.2 Non-flammable, Non toxic gas that have a subsidiary risk 5.1 except when all are packed in cylinders or pressure drums not exceeding 500L capacity.

- Class 3, Flammable Liquids, if both the Division 2.1 and Class 3 dangerous goods are in tanks or other receptacles with a capacity individually exceeding 500L.

- Division 4.1, Flammable Solids

- Division 4.2, Spontaneously Combustible Substances

- Division 4.3, Dangerous When Wet Substances

- Division 5.1, Oxidising Agents - Division 5.2, Organic Peroxides - Class 7, Radioactive Substances

U.N. Number

1950

Proper Shipping

AEROSOLS

Name

DG Class 2.1
Hazchem Code 2YE
EPG Number 2D1
IERG Number 49

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Regulatory Australia:

Information Not classified as Hazardous according to criteria of National Occupational

Health & Safety Commission (NOHSC), Australia.

Not classified as a Scheduled Poison according to the Standard for the Uniform

Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Poisons Schedule Not Scheduled

Hazard Category Extremely Flammable

Chemical Substances (AICS).

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Date of preparation MSDS Created: September 2010

or last revision of

MSDS

Contact Person/Point Chemist: Tel No: (08) 6272-3800

Emergency: Tel No: 0400 705 773

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