Section 1 - CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME

CLEAN N EASY BC36 READY TO USE

SYNONYMS

"Product code: BC36RTU"

PRODUCT USE

Ready to use mould and mildew cleaner.

SUPPLIER

Company: ITW AAMTech Address: 100 Hassall Street Wetherill Park NSW, 2164 Australia Telephone: +61 2 9828 0900 Emergency Tel:**1800 039 008 (24 hours)** Emergency Tel:**+61 3 9573 3112 (24 hours)** Fax: +61 2 9725 4698 Company: Wynn' s New Zealand Address: Unit 2, 38 Trugood Drive East Tamaki Auckland, 2013 New Zealand Telephone: +64 9272 1940 Emergency Tel:**+800 2436 2255 (24hours)** Emergency Tel:**+613 9573 3112 (24hours)** Fax: +64 9272 1949

Section 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

STATEMENT OF HAZARDOUS NATURE HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS. According to NOHSC Criteria, and ADG Code.

RISK Risk Codes R38 R41	Risk Phrases • Irritating to skin. • Risk of serious damage to eyes.
SAFETY	
Safety Codes	Safety Phrases
S23	 Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray.
S24	Avoid contact with skin.
S40	• To clean the floor and all objects contaminated by this material, use water.
S46	• If swallowed, IMMEDIATELY contact Doctor or Poisons Information Centre. (show this container or label).

Section 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

NAME	CAS RN	%
sodium hypochlorite	7681-52-9	<5
sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	<2
water	7732-18-5	>60
other non- hazardous ingredeints		

Section 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

SWALLOWED

• For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor at once.

- Urgent hospital treatment is likely to be needed.
- If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting.

• If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration.

CLEAN N EASY BC36 READY TO USE

EYE

- If this product comes in contact with the eyes:
- Immediately hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water.
- Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.
- Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.
- Transport to hospital or doctor without delay.

SKIN

- If skin contact occurs:
- Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear.
- Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).
- Seek medical attention in event of irritation.

INHALED

- If fumes or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.
- Other measures are usually unnecessary.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN

Treat symptomatically.

Section 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

- There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.
- Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area.

FIRE FIGHTING

- Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
- Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves for fire only.
- Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses.
- Use fire fighting procedures suitable for surrounding area.

FIRE/EXPLOSION HAZARD

- Non combustible.
- Not considered to be a significant fire risk.
- Expansion or decomposition on heating may lead to violent rupture of containers.
- Decomposes on heating and may produce toxic/ irritating fumes.
- Decomposes on heating and produces toxic fumes of: chlorides.

May emit corrosive fumes.

FIRE INCOMPATIBILITY

None known.

HAZCHEM

None

Personal Protective Equipment

Gas tight chemical resistant suit. Limit exposure duration to 1 BA set 30 mins.

Section 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

MINOR SPILLS

- Clean up all spills immediately.
- Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes.
- Control personal contact by using protective equipment.
- Contain and absorb spill with sand, earth, inert material or vermiculite.

MAJOR SPILLS

- Minor hazard.
- Clear area of personnel.
- Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
- · Control personal contact by using protective equipment as required.
- Prevent spillage from entering drains or water ways.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the MSDS.

Section 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

PROCEDURE FOR HANDLING

- Limit all unnecessary personal contact.
- Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.
- Use in a well-ventilated area.
- Avoid contact with incompatible materials.
- DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin.

SUITABLE CONTAINER

- Polyethylene or polypropylene container.
- · Packing as recommended by manufacturer.
- Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.

STORAGE INCOMPATIBILITY

None known.

STORAGE REQUIREMENTS

- Store in original containers.
- Keep containers securely sealed.
- Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.
- · Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.

Section 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE CONTROLS Source	Material	Peak ppm	Peak mg/m ³
Australia Exposure Standards Australia Exposure Standards	sodium hypochlorite (Chlorine) sodium hydroxide (Sodium hydroxide)	1	3 2
The following materials had no OELs or • water:	our records CAS:7732- 18-	- 5	

PERSONAL PROTECTION

RESPIRATOR

Type B-P Filter of sufficient capacity

EYE

- Safety glasses with side shields.
- Chemical goggles.
- Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lens or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience. Medical and first-aid personnel should be trained in their removal and suitable equipment should be readily available. In the event of chemical exposure, begin eye irrigation immediately and remove contact lens as soon as practicable. Lens should be removed at the first signs of eye redness or irritation lens should be removed in a clean environment only after workers have washed hands thoroughly. [CDC NIOSH Current Intelligence Bulletin 59].

HANDS/FEET

- Wear chemical protective gloves, eg. PVC.
- Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, eg. Rubber.

OTHER

- Overalls.
- P.V.C. apron.
- Barrier cream.
- Skin cleansing cream.

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ENGINEERING CONTROLS

General exhaust is adequate under normal operating conditions. Local exhaust ventilation may be required in specific circumstances.

Section 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE

Clear pale yellow alkaline liquid with a chlorine odour; mixes with water.

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

Liquid. Mixes with water.

State Melting Range (℃) Boiling Range (℃) Flash Point (°C) Decomposition Temp (℃) Autoignition Temp (\mathfrak{C}) Upper Explosive Limit (%) Lower Explosive Limit (%)

Volatile Component (%vol)

Liquid Not Available Not Applicable

Not Available

Viscosity Solubility in water (g/L) pH (1% solution) pH (as supplied) Vapour Pressure (kPa) Specific Gravity (water=1) Relative Vapour Density (air=1) **Evaporation Rate**

Molecular Weight

Not Applicable Not Available M iscible Not Available 13.0 Not Available approx. 1.1 Not Available

Not Available

Section 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

CONDITIONS CONTRIBUTING TO INSTABILITY

· Presence of incompatible materials.

Product is considered stable.

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

For incompatible materials - refer to Section 7 - Handling and Storage.

Section 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

ACUTE HEALTH EFFECTS Irritating to skin. Risk of serious damage to eyes.

TOXICITY AND IRRITATION

unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances.

Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or even years after exposure to the material ceases. This may be due to a nonallergenic condition known as reactive airways dysfunction syndrome (RADS) which can occur following exposure to high levels of highly irritating compound.

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Not available. Refer to individual constituents.

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE: TOXICITY Oral (mouse) LD50: 5800 mg/kg Oral (woman) TDLo: 1000 mg/kg

Oral (rat) LD50: 8910 mg/kg

IRRITATION Eve (rabbit): 10 mg - Moderate Skin (rabbit): 500 mg/24h- Moderate

Eye (rabbit): 100 mg - Moderate

Hypochlorite salts are classified by IARC as Group 3: NOT classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

Evidence of carcinogenicity may be inadequate or limited in animal testing.

The material may produce moderate eye irritation leading to inflammation. Repeated or prolonged exposure to irritants may produce coniunctivitis.

Hypochlorite salts are extremely corrosive and can cause severe damage to the eyes and skin.

A number of fibrosarcomas and squamous cell carcinomas were observed in mice treated dermally with repeated subcarcinogenic doses of 4-nitroquinoline-1-oxide, followed by dermal treatment with sodium hypochlorite.

as sodium hypochlorite pentahydrate

continued...

CHRONIC HEALTH EFFECTS Generally not applicable.

Not Available Not Available Not Available Not Available Not Available

SODIUM HYDROXIDE: TOXICITY

IRRITATION Skin (rabbit): 500 mg/24h SEVERE Eye (rabbit): 0.05 mg/24h SEVERE Eye (rabbit):1 mg/24h SEVERE Eye (rabbit):1 mg/30s rinsed- SEVERE

The material may produce severe irritation to the eye causing pronounced inflammation. Repeated or prolonged exposure to irritants may produce conjunctivitis.

The material may produce severe skin irritation after prolonged or repeated exposure, and may produce a contact dermatitis (nonallergic). This form of dermatitis is often characterised by skin redness (erythema) thickening of the epidermis.<</>

WATER:

No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search.

Section 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity				
Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air	Bioaccumulation	Mobility
sodium hydroxide	LOW		LOW	HIGH

Section 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

• Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.

· Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal.

· Bury residue in an authorised landfill.

• Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill.

Section 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

HAZCHEM:

None (ADG7)

NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS: ADG7, UN, IATA, IMDG

Section 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

POISONS SCHEDULE S5

REGULATIONS

Regulations for ingredients

sodium hypochlorite (CAS: 7681-52-9,10022-70-5) is found on the following regulatory lists; "Australia Hazardous Substances","Australia High Volume Industrial Chemical List (HVICL)","Australia Inventory of Chemical

Substances (AICS)","GESAMP/EHS Composite List - GESAMP Hazard Profiles","IMO IBC Code Chapter 17: Summary of minimum requirements", "International Council of Chemical Associations (ICCA) - High Production Volume List", "OECD Representative List of High Production Volume (HPV) Chemicals'

sodium hydroxide (CAS: 1310-73-2,12200-64-5) is found on the following regulatory lists; "Australia Exposure Standards", "Australia Hazardous Substances", "Australia High Volume Industrial Chemical List (HVICL)", "Australia Illicit Drug Reagents/Essential Chemicals - Category III", "Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)", "Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Appendix C","Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Appendix E (Part 2)","Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Appendix F (Part 3)","Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) -Schedule 5","Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 6","CODEX General Standard for Erood Additives (OSEA) - Additives Permitted for Use in Ecod in General Unless Otherwise Specified in Accordance with GMP" for Food Additives (GSFA) - Additives Permitted for Use in Food in General, Unless Otherwise Specified, in Accordance with GMP", "GESAMP/EHS Composite List - GESAMP Hazard Profiles","IMO IBC Code Chapter 17: Summary of minimum requirements","International Council of Chemical Associations (ICCA) - High Production Volume List","International Fragrance Association (IFRA) Survey:

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Transparency List","OECD Representative List of High Production Volume (HPV) Chemicals"

water (CAS: 7732-18-5) is found on the following regulatory lists; "Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)","IMO IBC Code Chapter 18: List of products to which the Code does not apply", "International Fragrance Association (IFRA) Survey: Transparency List","OECD Representative List of High Production Volume (HPV) Chemicals"

No data for Clean N Easy BC36 Ready to Use (CW: 25-5237)

Section 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

INGREDIENTS WITH MULTIPLE CAS NUMBERS Ingredient Name sodium hypochlorite sodium hydroxide

CAS 7681-52-9, 10022-70-5 1310-73-2, 12200-64-5

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references. A list of reference resources used to assist the committee may be found at: www.chemwatch.net/references.

The (M)SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings.

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This is the end of the MSDS.